

**SAVE THE DATE**



Towards the **EU FOOD SAFETY FORUM**  
The new sustainability regulation: how to integrate it  
into food safety?

**15th December 2022**

**h. 09:30 - 13:00 CET**

 **Copa - Cogeca | European Farmers European Agri-Cooperatives**  
Room A 61, Rue de Trèves  
Brussels



Grant Agreement No. 101000613

[www.foodsafety4.eu](http://www.foodsafety4.eu)





# «A safe and sustainable food system: a society choice»



**Bruno Menne**

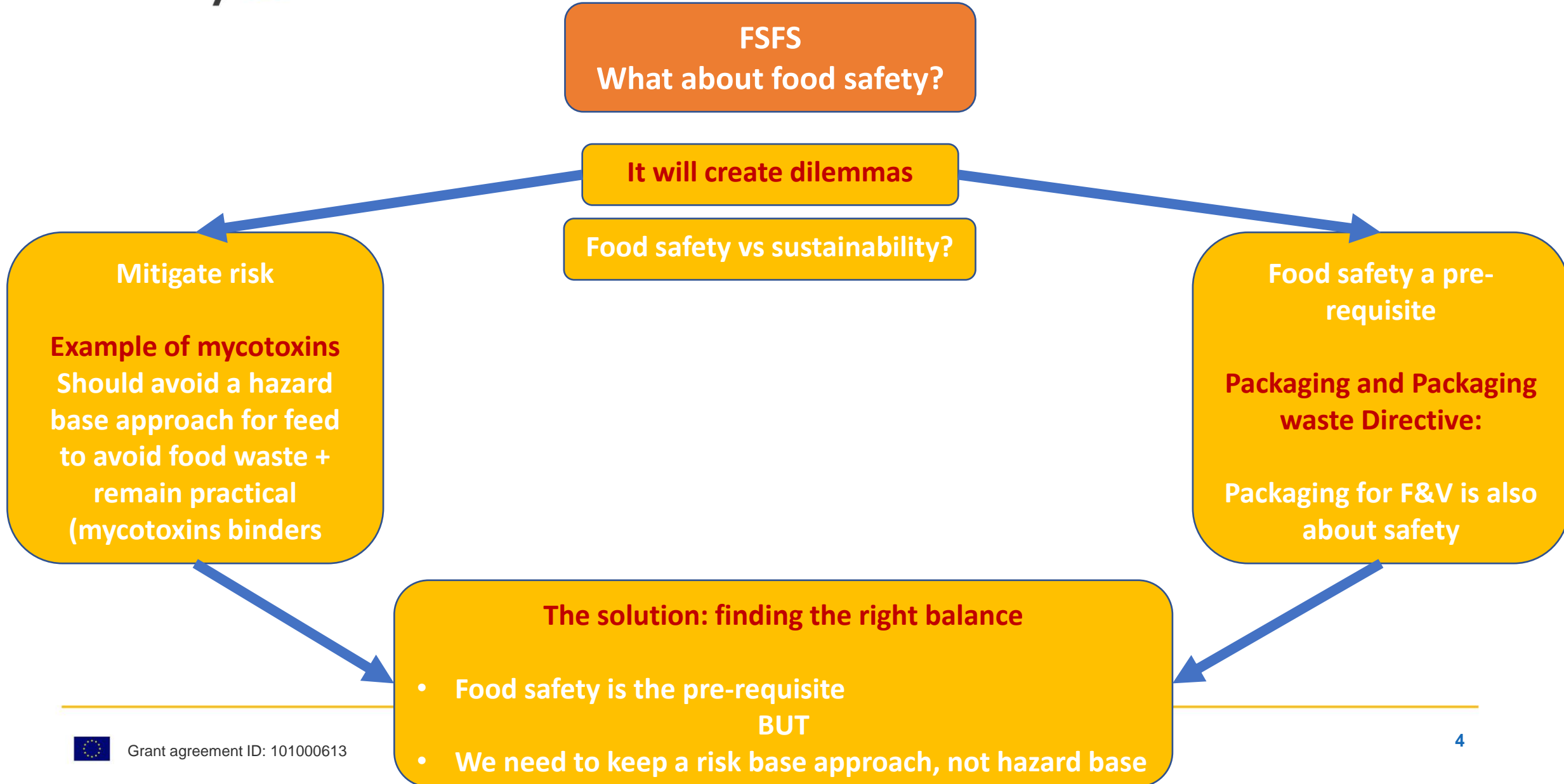
Copa-Cogeca





A overarching legislative Framework for the Sustainability of Food Systems (FSFS) to ensure that foods placed on the EU market increasingly become sustainable

What about food safety?



**FSFS**  
If not carefully designed it will also impact food security and food affordability, which might also impact food safety

FSFS + other F2F initiatives: A lot of new sustainability requirements

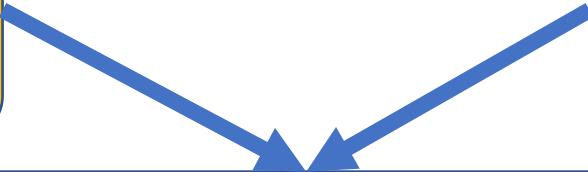


F2F targets as set  
=>  
EU production down by 15% to 20% (5 studies)

If not carefully designed, will affect production and costs

Will increase costs of production

Animal Welfare  
+31% production costs for pigs



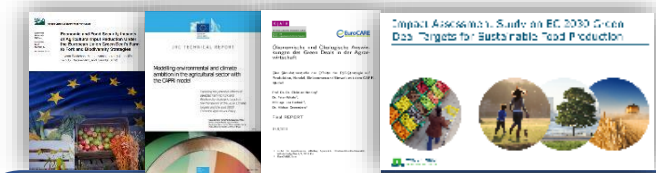
Outside EU: Food security issues  
+  
Inside EU: big increase of costs



Who will pay?



## Example of food security



### F2F targets by 2030

Reduce loss of nutrients by 50%,  
use fertilisers by at least 20%

Reduce use of chemical  
pesticides by 50%

25% of EU agricultural land  
under organic farming

Reduce sales of antimicrobials by  
at least 50%

With this  
deadlines and  
without strong  
investments in  
alternatives

### 4 studies

- USDA report
- JRC technical report
- Grain Club study
- Wageningen impact assesment

EU production down by 15% to 20%  
+  
Increase of food prices around 15 % to  
17%  
+  
Reduction of GHG emissions in EU  
offset by carbon leakage to third  
countries

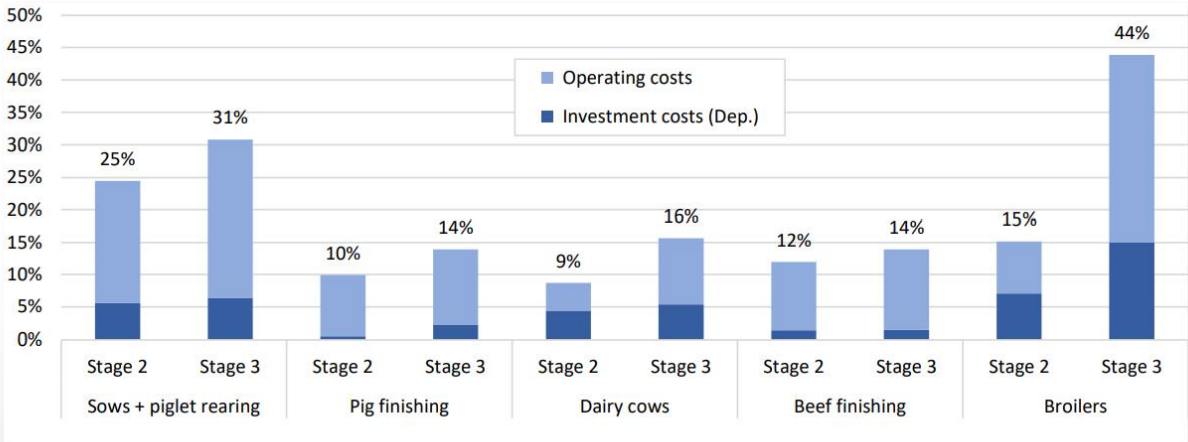
Example of production costs: animal welfare

Animal welfare labelling systems proposed by the German authorities and the associated production costs for each of its tiers, providing the selling price necessary to cover the extra costs



Additional costs in stages 2 and 3

Additional costs compared to Stage 0 (Baseline) (in %)



Stage 1: Beef finishing and broilers much lower than Stage 2, other species wise similar to Stage 2.  
 Organic: Finishing pigs slightly above Stage 3, sows significantly above Stage 3 (lower performance).

Source: Own calculations

**New sustainability requirements are possible, but it has a cost**

**Who will pay?**

**Consumers, the market?**

**Consumers want more sustainable food products, but they are not ready to pay for it**

**Consumption of organic products down by 15% in France, 5% in Germany**

**Can we count on the market?**

**Producers?**

**Already on thin ice, many farmer stopping because it is not profitable anymore**

**It will lead to an externalization of production and a sustainability leakage**

**Is this really what we want?**

**We need a dedicated budget for FSFS objectives**

**More sustainability is possible, but it is a society choice**



**We need a dedicated budget for FSFS objectives**

**More sustainability is possible, but it is a society choice**

**If we do not**

- **Farmers will stop, those staying will become bigger**
- **Externalisation of production to third countries**
- **Sustainability leakage**
- **Risk for food safety, because operators might be tempted to cut costs**



**THANK TO ALL**

